

WINDY HARBOUR DRINKING WATER SUPPLY

ANNUAL WATER QUALITY REPORT

July 2016 to June 2017

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1.0 Administration

1.1 Water Provider Information

Water Provider Contact Details						
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DoH Liaison Officer Mr Grayson Hindmarsh						
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1.2 Settlement Information

Windy Harbour is a small coastal settlement in an 'A' Class reserve on the southern coast of Western Australia, located in the D'entrecasteaux National Park 60 kilometres south of Pemberton.

The drinking water supply to the settlement is managed by the Shire of Manjimup. The settlement consists of 240 leases, with room to expand this number to 400. The Windy Harbour nature based Caravan Park with a maximum capacity of 140 patrons is ensconced in the settlement and water supply to the communal kitchen and toilet amenities servicing the Caravan Park is drawn from the settlement reticulated water supply.

The settlement's primary use is a seasonal holiday destination and has a peak period November to April. There is no permanent population and leaseholder agreements stipulate the lease holders can occupy the lease for a maximum aggregate of 90 days per annum. During peak periods the settlement supports a populace of 2500 including both the settlement homes and nature based Caravan Park.

1.3 Drinking Water Quality Management and Commitment

The Shire of Manjimup is committed to the effective management of the drinking water, providing safe, high quality drinking water supply to consumers at Windy Harbour.

The Shire of Manjimup was granted an exemption in 2005 pursuant to the *Water Services Licencing Act 1995* for a licence to provide a water service. This exemption was granted due to its not for profit service and lease holder arrangements at Windy Harbour. Notwithstanding the exemption, approvals and reporting mechanisms must satisfy the Department of Health. This includes

providing a safe water service and provision of a drinking water quality management plan.

The Shire of Manjimup through the Shire of Manjimup Windy Harbour Drinking Water Quality Management Plan 2007 (DWQMP) is committed to-

- Managing water quality at all points along the delivery chain from source water to the consumer;
- Use a risk based approach in which potential threats to water quality are identified and balanced;
- Integrate the needs and expectations of our consumers, stakeholders, regulator and employees into our future planning;
- Establish regular monitoring of the quality of drinking water and effective reporting mechanisms to provide relevant and timely information promote confidence in the water supply and its management;
- Develop appropriate contingency planning and incident response capability;
- Continually improve our practices by assessing performance against corporate commitments and stakeholder expectations;
- Ensure that all products or contractors that are used on the drinking water system are to deliver on these management plan commitments.

1.4 Catchment Details and System Information

The catchment for the Windy Harbour Drinking Water Supply groundwater supply is north west of the settlement and extends approximately 5 kilometres inland from the coast and is 3 kilometres wide. The area of reserve set aside for the settlement is 190 hectares. The settlement and the catchment is entirely contained within the D'entrecasteaux National Park.

Land use in the catchment is predominantly natural vegetation, other than the water production infrastructure itself. Given the catchment land use is almost entirely national park, the level of catchment protection is high and the potential for threats to water quality to arise is low. A limestone quarry partially falls within the western boundary of the Windy Harbour Reserve. The quarry has Department of Water and Environmental Regulation (DWER) approval. The DWER approval stipulates best management practices are applied by the quarry proprietor to protect water quality.

The water demand is highly seasonal and directly proportional to tenancy of the individual leaseholders' properties (dwellings) and visitors to the nature based Caravan Park.

The water scheme comprises of two bores and a Smartaflow chlorinating disinfection system using sodium hypochlorite. The chlorination system is the only disinfection system within the drinking water system. It is the single most important barrier in protecting the consumer against waterborne pathogens. The infrastructure for the bore and the chlorinator are fenced and locked in secure bore compounds.

The treated water is pumped approximately one kilometre up hill to a secure tank compound. The water is gravity fed to the reticulated water supply servicing the settlement, including the kitchen, toilets and amenities servicing the nature based Caravan Park on demand.

Management of the drinking water quality includes monthly sampling at the nominated points as per the 2007 DWQMP for microbiological, chemical health and chemical aesthetic guideline values. The Shire's Officers monitor, chlorine, microbial, chemical and radiological properties as per the *Shire of Manjimup Windy Harbour Drinking Water Quality Management Plan 2007 (DWQMP)*

The Windy Harbour water supply is monitored by the Shire's Environmental Health Officers. Day to day maintenance and disinfection system supervision is undertaken by Shire of Manjimup operational staff at Windy Harbour. Water is pumped daily during peak season, and twice weekly or as required during low seasons. The operational staff monitor chlorine levels from several points around the settlement on a daily basis.

Sampling and in house monitoring procedures are carried out in accordance with best industry practice and undertaken by qualified technicians versed in aseptic technique. The sampling schedule includes 4 nominated sampling points through the reticulated distribution system allowing for the fair representation of the water supply in Windy Harbour. Water samples in the sampling schedule are analysed by approved NATA laboratories in Perth in accordance with the requirements of the Department of Health.

1.5 Water Quality Parameters

The Water Quality analysis undertaken is categorized into three main performance areas being Microbiological, Chemical and Chemical Aesthetic Values. The results are assessed for compliance pursuant to the requirements of the (ADWG) Australian Drinking Water Guidelines.

Table 1 Water quality parameters adopted from the Australian Drinking Water Guidelines (ADWG) which are produced by the National Health and Medical Research Council

Turbidity	Turbidity is the cloudy appearance of water caused by the presence of suspended matter.	The Australian Drinking Water Guidelines specify an aesthetic guideline of 5 NTU. If disinfection is required, the turbidity of less than 1 NTU is desirable at the point of disinfection.
Colour	Colour in water originates mainly from natural drainage through soil and vegetation in a catchment.	The Australian Drinking Water Guidelines value for colour is based on the colour that is noticeable in a glass. This is generally accepted as 15 HU.
Iron	Iron occurs naturally in water as a result of contact with soil or rock in the catchment. Iron in the water does not present a health hazard.	The Australian Drinking Water Guidelines recommend that based on aesthetic consideration, the concentration of iron should not exceed 0.3 mg/l.
Hydrogen Sulfide	Hydrogen sulfide is formed in drinking water by the hydrolysis of soluble sulfides, or through the reduction of sulfate by the action of microorganisms. Hydrogen sulfide has an obnoxious 'rotten egg' odour.	Based on aesthetic considerations, the concentration of hydrogen sulfide in drinking water should not exceed 0.05 mg/l. No health based guideline has been set.
Total dissolved solids	Total dissolved solids (TDS) consist of inorganic (natural) salts and small amounts of organic matter dissolved in water. Total dissolved solids comprise sodium, potassium, calcium, magnesium, chloride, sulphate, bicarbonate, carbonate, silicon, organic matter, fluoride, iron, manganese, nitrate and phosphate.	Treated water quality containing TDS levels of below 500mg/l is classified as good.
Microbial Pathogens	Thermophilic Naegleria refers to a group of amoeba which includes Naegleria fowleri, the organism that causes the waterborne disease primary amoebic meningoencephalitis. Naegleria fowleri is an environmental pathogen which naturally lives in fresh warm water.	The Department of Health WA has notification protocols in place regarding Naegleria.
	The most common and widespread health risk associated with drinking water is contamination by microorganisms. Organisms associated with the gut of humans and mammals cause the usual waterborne diseases. Tests are undertaken for Escherichia coli (E. coli).	The Australian Drinking Water Guidelines state that the thermotolerant coliform E. <i>coli</i> should not be present in a 100mL sample.
рН	pH is a measure of how acidic/basic water is. The range goes from 0 – 14, with 7 being neutral. pH is the measure of free hydrogen ion concentrations in the water.	The suggested aesthetic pH target from the Australian Drinking Water Guidelines is 6.5 to 8.5.
(THM's)Trihalomethanes	Refers to the total sum of a group of chemicals predominantly, chloroform, bromodichloromethane and bromoform along with other disinfection by-products.	The Australian Drinking Water Guidelines recommended maximum value is 0.25mg/L

The Australian Drinking Water Guidelines (ADWG) are produced by the National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) and are available from the NHMRC website at http://nhmrc.gov.au/about-us/publications/australian-drinking-water-guidelines

1.6 Units

The following is an explanation of the units presented in this report

Units: mg/L Milligrams per Litre

CFU/100mL Colony Forming Units per 100 millilitres

HU Hazen Units

NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units

1.7 Performance Summary

The Shire of Manjimup obtained 285 samples from the reticulation water supply during the 2016/17 year. Of these 96 were for microbiological quality, 98 for chemical health quality and 91 for chemical aesthetic analysis and assessed pursuant to the Australian Drinking Water Guidelines (ADWG). Radiological sampling is undertaken every 5 years and not due for this reporting period, therefore omitted from this report.

There have been no public complaints received concerning the quality of the water during this reporting period. Results of any anomalies or exceedances with the Guidelines in Microbiological or Chemical Analysis are forwarded to the Department of Health as they occur.

Table 1 Summary of total samples taken from the Windy Harbour Reticulated Water Supply 2016/17

Water Quality Results Summary Compliance with Australian Drinking Water Guidelines (NHMRC)						
Microbial Quality	No Assessed	No Within Guidelines	Variance			
E. coli	48	48	0			
Thermophilic Naegleria	48	48	0			
Chemical Quality						
Chemical – Health Related	98	98	0			
Chemical – Aesthetic	91	82	9			
Radiological	0					

2.0 Microbial Performance

2.1 Microbial - Exception Notifications

The Shire of Manjimup collected 96 samples at nominated points as per the 2007 DWQMP during the reporting period with 100 percent compliance. There were no detections or reportable exceptions of either *Escherichia coli* (*E. coli*) or Thermophilic *Naegleria* species.

2.2 Microbiological - Compliance

Table 2 Summary of microbiological samples taken from the Windy Harbour Drinking Water Scheme meeting compliance by zone.

No. of Bacteria	E.	coli	No. of Amoeba	Thermophilic <i>Naegleria</i>		
Samples	Non Comply	% Comply	Samples	Non Comply	% Comply	
48	0	100%	48	0	100	

2.3 Microbiological - Performance

Microbiological results from the nominated sampling points were compliant pursuant to the ADWG Guidelines for the 2016/17 reporting period.

2.4 Microbial Incident Specific Information

There were no recorded microbial non-conforming results for *E. coli*, Thermotolerant Coliforms or Thermophilic *Naegleria* at the 4 nominated sample points during 2016/17. There have been no significant or reportable microbiological incidents in this reporting period.

3.0 Chemical – Health Related Performance

3.1 Chemical - Health - Compliance

There are many chemical parameters that have a health related guideline value pursuant to the Australian Drinking Water Guidelines. The Shire of Manjimup achieved 100% compliance with all these requirements. The Shire commenced monthly monitoring of Trihalomethanes (THM's) from November 2016 as previous half yearly and annual testing had indicated that THM's were approaching the upper guideline health value of 0.25mg/L as depicted in Figure 1. Table 3 on the following page is the comprehensive results of health related chemical analysis

Figure 1 depicts Trihalomethane chemical analysis over the 2016/17 period in mg/L.

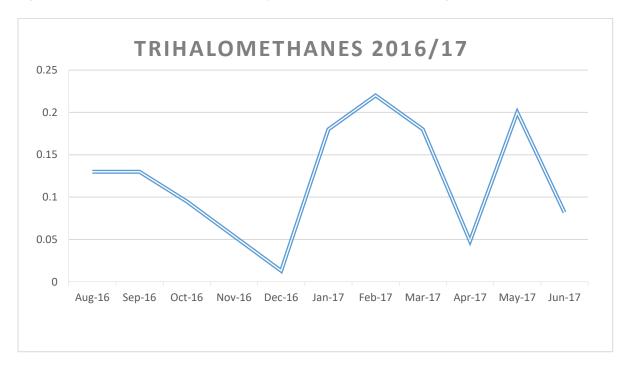


Table 3 summary of collaborative 12 monthly, 6 monthly and monthly chemical samples taken from the Windy Harbour Drinking Water Scheme for 2016/17.

Category	Characteristic	Unit	Health Guideline Value	Max Value of Samples	No Assessed	No Within Guidelines	Compliance
	Chloroacetic Acid	mg/L	0.15	0.05	2	2	100%
	Dichloroacetic Acid	mg/L	0.1	0.02	2	2	100%
Organic Chemicals	Trichloroacetic Acid	mg/L	0.1	0.06	2	2	100%
Disinfection by-products A	2-Chlorophenol	mg/L	0.3	0.00005	2	2	100%
Blomicoden by producto / t	2,4-dichlorophenol	mg/L	0.2	0.0001	2	2	100%
	2,4,6-trichlorophenol	mg/L	0.02	0.001	2	2	100%
	Trichloroacetaldehyde	mg/L	0.02	0.02	2	2	100%
	Antimony	mg/L	0.003	0.001	1	1	100%
	Arsenic	mg/L	0.01	0.001	1	1	100%
	Barium	mg/L	2	0.03	1	1	100%
	Boron	mg/L	4	0.04	1	1	100%
	Cadmium	mg/L	0.002	0.0001	1	1	100%
	Chromium (as Cr(VI))	mg/L	0.05	0.005	1	1	100%
	Copper	mg/L	2	0.073	1	1	100%
	Cyanide	mg/L	0.08	0.004	1	1	100%
Other Inorganic Chemicals	Fluoride	mg/L	1.5	0.1	1	1	100%
	Lead	mg/L	0.01	0.002	1	1	100%
	Manganese	mg/L	0.5	0.04	4	4	100%
	Mercury	mg/L	0.001	0.00005	3	3	100%
	Molybdenum	mg/L	0.05	0.001	3	3	100%
	Nickel Nitrate	mg/L	0.02 50	0.002 0.07	3	3	100% 100%
		mg/L					
	Nitrite	mg/L	3	0.05	3	3	100%
	Selenium	mg/L	0.01 500	0.001 8.0	3 4	3	100% 100%
Inorganic Chemicals	Sulfate	mg/L	500	6.0	4	4	100%
Disinfection Agents & inorganics by-products of disinfection	Trihalomethanes	mg/L	0.25	0.22	14	14	100%
Organic Compounds	Acrylamide	mg/L	0.0002	0.0002	3	3	100%
Treatment Organics	Carbon tetrachloride	mg/L	0.003	0.0005	3	3	100%
Organic Compounds Industrial Hydrocarbons	Toluene	mg/L	0.8	0.1	1	1	100%
Organic Compounds	Tetrachloroethene	mg/L	0.05	0.0005	1	1	100%
	Aldrin (and Dieldrin)	mg/L	0.0003	0.00001	1	1	100%
	Amitrole	mg/L	0.009	0.001	1	1	100%
	Atrazine	mg/L	0.02	0.0005	1	1	100%
	Chloradane	mg/L	0.002	0.00001	1	1	100%
	Chlorofenvinphos	mg/L	0.002	0.0005	1	1	100%
	Clopyralid	mg/L	2	0.0005	1	1	100%
	2,4-D	mg/L	0.03	0.0005	1	1	100%
	DDT	mg/L	0.009	0.00006	1	1	100%
	Dieldrin (and Aldrin)	mg/L	0.0003	0.00001	1	1	100%
	Diguat	mg/L	0.007 0.02	0.0005 0.005	1	1	100% 100%
	Diuron	mg/L	0.02	0.005	1	1	100%
	Endosulfan	mg/L	0.02	0.0005	1	1	100%
Pesticides	Fosamine Glyphosate	mg/L	0.03	0.001	1	1	100%
	Heptachlor	mg/L	0.0003	0.0005	1	1	100%
	Hexachlorobenzene	mg/L mg/L	0.0003	0.0005	1	1	100%
	Hexazinone	mg/L mg/L	0.001	0.0003	1	1	100%
	Lindane	mg/L	0.01	0.0005	1	1	100%
	Molinate	mg/L	0.004	0.0005	1	1	100%
	Paraquat	mg/L	0.02	0.000	1	1	100%
		_	0.02	0.0001	1	1	100%
	Pentachlorophenol	ma/i					
	Pentachlorophenol Picloram	mg/L mg/l			1	1	100%
	Picloram	mg/L	0.3	0.001	1	1	100% 100%
	Picloram Propiconazole	mg/L mg/L	0.3 0.1	0.001 0.0001	1	1	100%
	Picloram	mg/L	0.3	0.001			

4.0 Chemical - Aesthetic Related Performance

The chemical aesthetics, Turbidity and True Colour were added to the monthly monitoring in addition to total Trihalomethanes from November 2016. Turbidity and True colour are good indicators of organic compounds present in the water supply. Understanding the types and level of organic compounds in the water supply assists in reducing the level of Trihalomethanes. From these results we can infer the make-up and consistency of the disinfection load and ultimately assist in the reduction of the presence of disinfection by-products (Trihalomethanes).

There were 9 chemical aesthetic exceedances during 2016/17 in total. The Iron sample and the total of eight True Colour samples have exceeded the aesthetic guideline and will be closely monitored

Whilst exceedances of aesthetic guidelines can affect consumer experience, it is important to note that exceedances to aesthetic guidelines do not pose a health risk.

4.1 Chemical - Aesthetic - Chart

Table 4 summary of chemical aesthetic and physical related values for 2016/17.

Category	Characteristic	Unit	Aesthetic Guideline Value	Maximum Value of Samples	No Assessed	No Within Guidelines	Compliance
	Dissolved oxygen	%	>85%	•	0		
	Hardness	mg/L	200	170	1	1	100%
	рН	рН	6.5-8.5	7.6	52	52	100%
Physical	Temperature	degrees	No Value				
Characteristics	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	600	510	2	2	100%
	True Colour	HU	15	45	8	0	0%
	Turbidity	NTU	5	1.8	8	8	100%
Inorganic	2-Chlorophenol	mg/L	0.0001	0.00005	2	2	100%
Chemicals	2,4-dichlorophenol	mg/L	0.0003	0.0005	2	2	100%
Disinfection by- products A	2,4,6- trichlorophenol	mg/L	0.002	0.0005	1	1	100%
	Aluminium	mg/L	0.2	0.03	2	2	100%
	Ammonia (as NH4)	mg/L	0.5	0.066	2	2	100%
	Chloride	mg/L	250	160	1	1	100%
	Copper	mg/L	1	0.073	1	1	100%
Other inorganic	Hydrogen Sulfide	mg/L	0.05	0.01	1	1	100%
Chemicals	Iron	mg/L	0.3	1.1	1	0	0%
	Manganese	mg/L	0.1	0.018	2	2	100%
	Sodium	mg/L	180	95	2	2	100%
	Sulfate	mg/L	250	3	2	2	100%
	Zinc	mg/L	3	0.034	1	1	100%

4.2 Chemical Aesthetic – Incident Specific Information

Iron analysis was undertaken in December 2016 which exceeded the recommended value at 1.1 mg/L as depicted in Table 4.

True Colour analysis is above the aesthetic guideline for each of the 8 months this year sampling was undertaken, see Table 5. The addition of True Colour to the sampling regime was introduced from November 2016 to June 2017 and will be closely monitored each month for the foreseeable future.

True Colour	Guideline Aesthetic	Sample Aesthetic		
	Value (HU)	Value (HU)		
November 2016	15	45		
December 2016	15	45		
January 2017	15	29		
February 2017	15	30		
March 2017	15	30		
April 2017	15	31		
May 2017	15	20		
June 2017	15	37		

5.0 Radiological Performance

Past analysis for radiological performance has demonstrated compliance at all times, the next scheduled radiological testing as per DWQMP is every 5 years being November 2020.

6.0 Summary

This annual report describes the Windy Harbour drinking water quality performance for the 2016/17 reporting period. The Shire of Manjimup is committed to being transparent on its performance by providing the public with accurate and representative information in this report. The report aims to demonstrate to Windy Harbour residents, visitors, guests and visitors alike, the ongoing commitment to the sustainable production and supply of high quality drinking water at Windy Harbour.

This report demonstrates the microbiological and health related chemical water quality is 100% compliant with the Australian Drinking Water Guidelines ADWG. The majority of the samples acquired for chemical aesthetic and physical characteristics is compliant. Future chemical analysis results will be closely monitored.

This is the first annual water quality report that covers the financial year in this instance the 2016/2017 financial year. Previous years reporting was undertaken covering the calender year, which leaves the period of time between January 2016 and June 2016 not covered by an annual report. Quarterly reporting was undertaken for this time period pursuant to the 2007 DWQMP. Information regarding these reports is available by request to Council.

Should you have any further enquiries more information can be obtained by contacting the Environmental Health Services Team at the Shire of Manjimup at info@manjimup.wa.gov.au